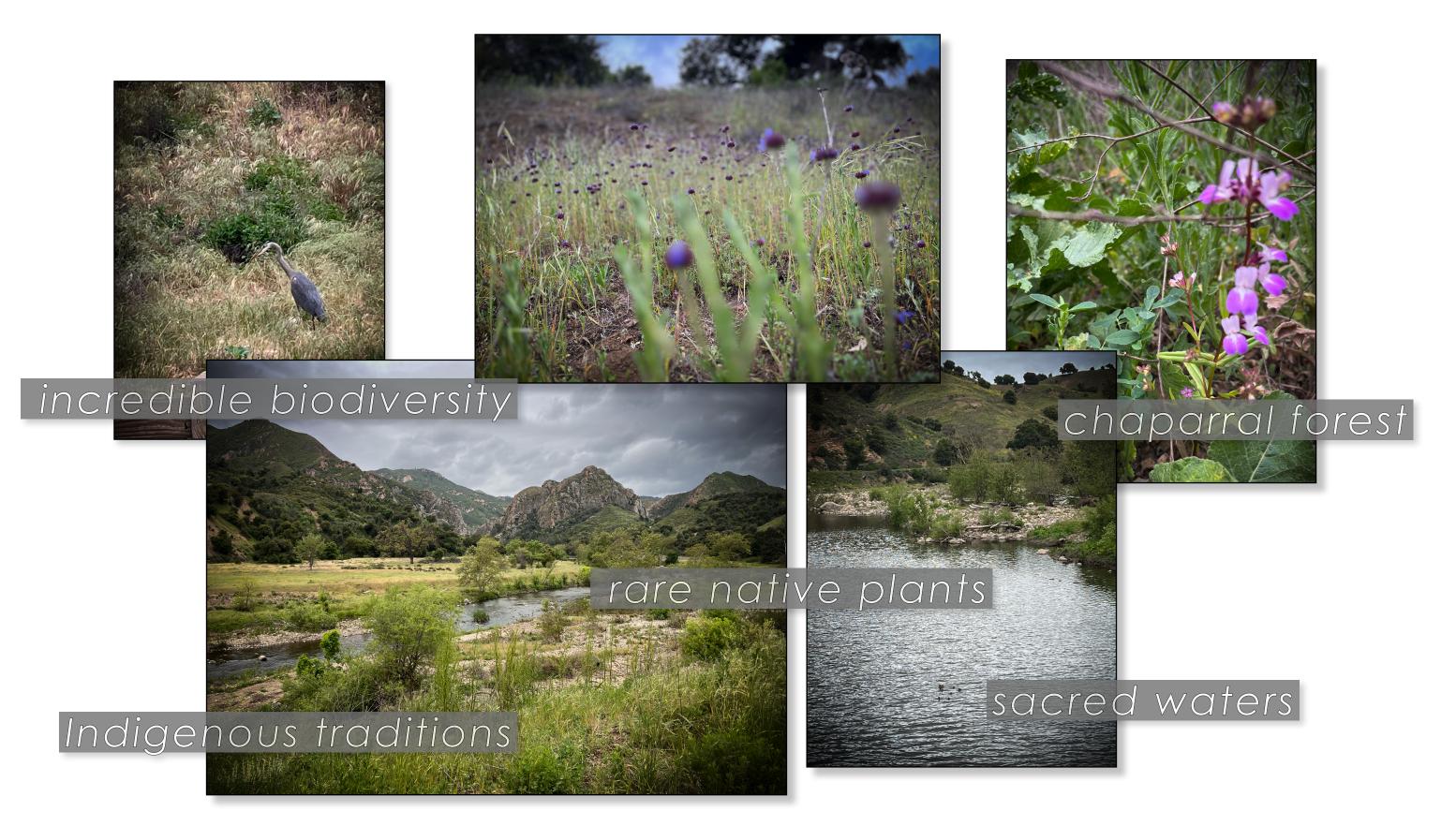
Malibu Creek State Park A Renewed Landscape for the Visitor's Center

Alicia Bartoli-Arnold Spring 2024

MALIBU CREEK VISITOR'S CENTER

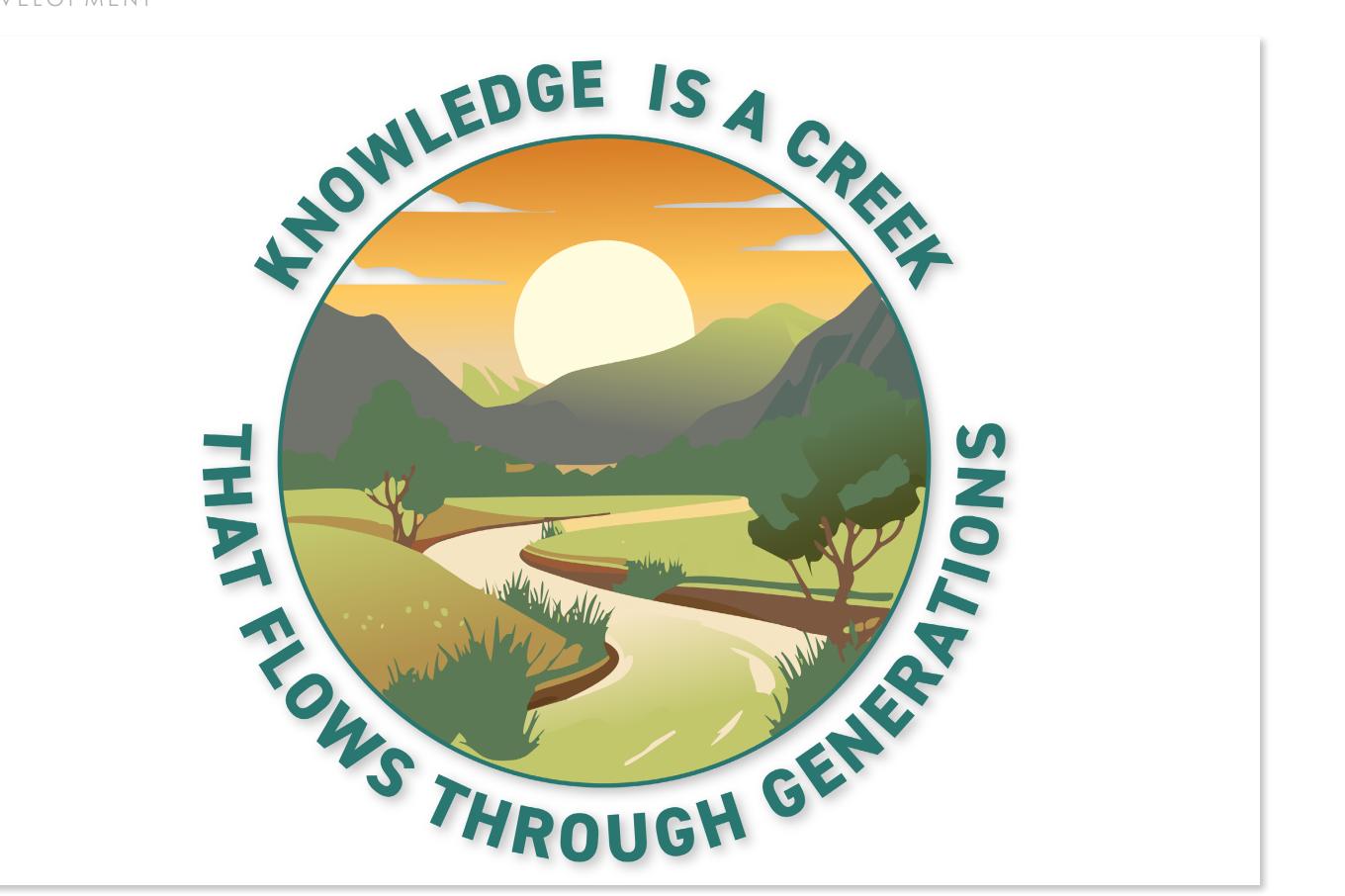


CREEK VISITOR'S CENTER CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT

CHUMASH GATHERIN WATER LAND CATION CONNECTION DROUGHT FIRE RESISTANCE COMMUNITY RENEWAL INDIGENOUS KNOWLEDGE



MALIBU CREEK VISITOR'S CENTER CONCEPT DEVELOPMENT



MALIBU CREEK VISITOR'S CENTER KNOWLEDGE IS A CREEK THAT FLOWS THROUGH GENERATIONS





ca Asclepias eriocarpa Woolypod Milkweed

Woolypod Milkweed Pseudognaphalium biolettii

Bicolored Everlasting

9 Salvia apiana White Sage Welcome to the Malibu Creek State Park Visitor's Center: a sanctuary where the past, present, and future converge amidst the breathtaking landscape.

Step into a realm where nature's wisdom intertwines with human history, where the Chumash people have woven stories into the very fabric of the land for millennia. Here, ancestral knowledge flows like the creek itself, carrying tales of resilience, reverence, and renewal.

In this sacred space, shamans adorned cave walls with pigments sourced from the earth, passing down traditions that echo through time. Yet, for too long, the narrative of this land has been overshadowed by a narrow educational lens, neglecting the vibrant tapestry of Chumash culture and history.

It's time to renew this narrative. Let us extend an invitation to the next generation, guiding them on a journey of discovery where the land itself becomes the ultimate teacher. Together, we'll forge a deeper connection to the beauty and wisdom that have always been present, yet often overlooked. Join us as we embrace Malibu Creek as more than just a geographical feature, but as a conduit for inspiration, unity, and understanding.

As the creek flows, so does knowledge, through generations.

COLOR PALETTE

MALIBU CREEK VISITOR'S CENTER





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MALIBU CREEK VISITOR'S CENTER PROGRAM DETAILS

PROPOSED SITE Elements legend

- "THE CIRCLE" GATHERING AREA (1)
- SMALL GROUP AREAS (2)
- PRIMARY PATHWAY (3)
- SECONDARY PATHWAY (4)
- (5)TERTIARY PATHWAY





The primary gathering area, under the shade of the sycamore, will hold the average class size in the public school districts. Materials gathered from site.



Wood sourced from the site makes the planks for these smaller group areas. There is one ADAcompliant area.



The primary pathway is made of decomposed granite and allows for ADA access and water percolation.



The mulched secondary pathways invite visitors to wander into the various spaces in the area. Mulch is sourced from site.

SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"



Encouraging further wandering, tertiary stone pathways meander through spaces. Stone is sourced from site.

MALIBU CREEK VISITOR'S CENTER PLANT SELECTION DETAILS

No.	Scientific Name Common Name	Plant Family	Mature Height and Spread	WUCOLS RATING	Summer Water Reduction	Soil Requirements	Bloom Color and Season	Maintenance Requirements and Notes	Cu
GRAS	SES								
A1	Agrostis densiflora California Bent Grass	Poaceae	0.33 - 2.8 ft tall	Low	Yes	Requires well-drained soil	Brown flowers emerge from May- August	Excellent for use as a walkable groundcover	Seeds
A2	Stipa pulchra Purple Needlegrass	Poaceae	3.3 ft tall x 1.5 ft wide	Very Low	Yes	Found in virtually every type of soil. Tolerates serpentine & sodic Soils	Cream, green, purple, or red flowers emerge in Spring and Summer	Can be cut back when it turns brown at the end of summer	This gra used by for te
LOW-I	HEIGHT HERBACEOUS SPE	CIMENS: Up to 2	2.5'			·			
A3	Delphinium patens Spreading larkspur	Ranunculaceae	0.7 - 1.6 ft tall	Low	Yes	Prefers well-draining, organic- rich soil	Blue and purple flowers bloom in early to mid Spring	Supports a variety of wildlife and pollinators	Traditic the pl to hair
A4	Eschscholzia californica California Poppy	Papaveraceae	0.16 - 2 ft tall 1 - 2 ft wide	Very Low	Yes	Prefers sandy, infertile, well- drained soils.	Bright orange flowers bloom in the Spring	Can allow seeds to ripen after bloom for wildlife and to drop for next year's planting.	The col used c semi-sw a gum plant a t
A5	Achillea millefolium Common Yarrow	Asteraceae	1 - 3 ft tall, 0.5 - 1.5 ft wide	Moder- ate	No	Nearly any type except very wet. Deep roots help to control erosion.	White and yellow flowers with a pleasant fragrance emerge in Spring and Summer.	Benefits from division every other year.	The c to wou leav soothe
A6	Epilobium canum California Fuchsia	Onagraceae	0.25 - 1.5 ft tall x 2 - 3 ft wide	Very Low	Yes	Tolerates clay and sand. Tolerates Serpentine Soil.	Abundant, bright scarlet flowers in Summer and Fall	Cut or mow to base in fall or early winter to stimulate for new growth. Unwanted rhizomes can be pulled at any time.	The lea der or
A7	Asclepias eriocarpa Woolypod Milkweed	Apocynaceae	1.3 - 3 ft tall 1 ft wide	Low	Yes	Tolerates a variety of soils including clay.	Cream, pink, and white flowers bloom in the Summer.	Perennial; Winter deciduous.	Cultura use
MEDIU	JM-HEIGHT HERBACEOUS	SPECIMENS: 2.5	- 5' feet			·			
A8	Pseudognaphalium biolettii Bicolored Everlasting	Asteraceae	4ft tall	Low	Yes	Requires well-drained soil	Cream and white flowers appear in the Winter and Spring	Herbaceous perennial in Coastal Scrub and Chaparral communities	Indigen to trea bronc cough: or ma treated
A9	Salvia apiana White Sage	Lamiaceae	3 - 5 ft tall, 3 - 8 ft wide	Very Low	Yes	Adaptable to a variety of soil types.	Fragrant silver-white leaves, and clusters of white flowers with lavender streaks	Flower stalks may be removed when finished in late summer. Sprawling branches may be removed at any time.	Thi indige to purify physicc well-bo contii spiri com make it ba

HYDROZONE: FULL-PART SUN

Cultural Significance to Indigenous Groups

ds are harvested for food by indigenous peoples.

grass is the preferred material by Chumash basket weavers teaching the art of basket weaving.

litional uses include crushing e plants and applying them lair to control lice and other insects.

colorful flower pollen can be d as face or body paint, the -sweet flowers are treated as um or candy. The roots of the t are also used as a sedative to encourage sleep.

e crushed plant is applied wounds and burn; the dried eaves are used as a tea to othe colds, fever, and headache.

eaves are applied as a powor wash to treat cuts, sores and sprains.

urally recognized for material use and ceremonial use

genous peoples use this plant reat a variety of throat and onchial conditions including ghs, colds, and asthma. Skin mouth sores and burns are ted with a poultice of rabbit tobacco.

This is a sacred plant for genous peoples for its ability irify, cleanse, protect, to heal ical ailments, and to provide l-being. Smudging this plant ntinues to be an important pritual ritual for Chumash communities. Chumash also be it into a tea to drink daily for palance and well-being.



